Math Content Standard Level 2: Geometry

Adult learners will begin to reason, problem solve, communicate, and make real life connections using geometry.

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Benchmarks On exit of this level, learner is able to:	Applications Examples of how/where learners will use this skill:	I do it well enough	I want to work on it	I don't need to work on this now
2.7.1 Identify, create, and describe geometrical shapes	• Name two-dimensional and three- dimensional shapes such as: triangles, rectangles, squares, circles, semi- circles, spheres, and prisms in familiar classroom objects.			
2.7.2 Identify perpendicular lines and parallel lines	• Locate these lines in the classroom, such as: the floor to the ceiling.			
2.7.3 Identify parallel faces of rectangles	• Locate shapes in the classroom, such as: the board, a book, a piece of paper.			
2.7.4 Identify, describe, compare, and classify two-dimensional shapes, such as: parallelogram, trapezoid, circle, rectangle, square and rhombus, based on their component parts (angles, vertices, line segment) and the number of sides and vertices.	 Name familiar shapes in the classroom. Construct shapes through activities. Draw designated shapes 			
2.7.5 Compose and decompose triangles and rectangles to form other familiar dimensional shapes	• Form a rectangle using two congruent right triangles or decompose a parallelogram into a rectangle and two right triangles.			